

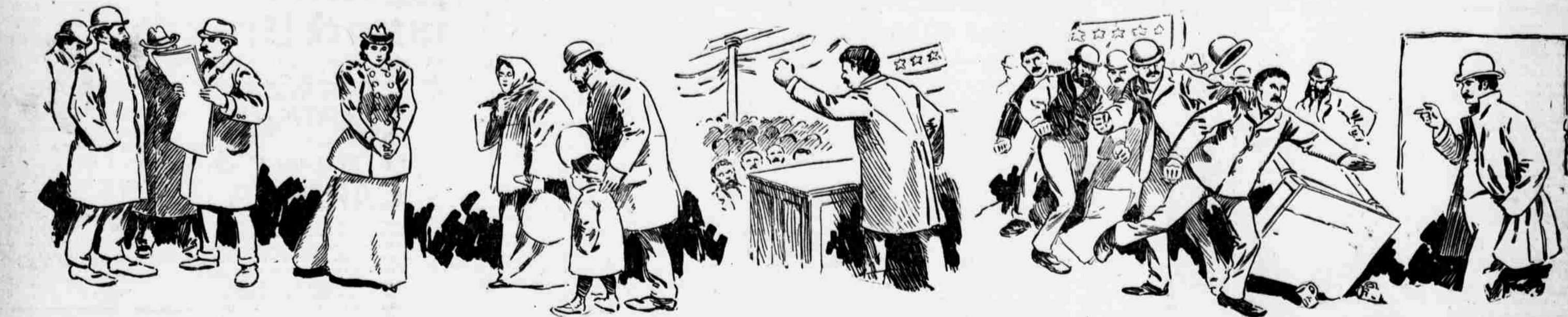
WEATHER INDICATIONS: FAIR, COLDER.
The CIRCULATION OF THE WORLD
A Net GAIN 493,490
Per Day Over Averaged the Past
Same Week Last Year of Week, per
67,499 Copies. Week, per
Gain in Three Years 152,694 Copies. Day,
PRICE ONE CENT

THE EVENING EDITION
BROOKLYN
"Circulation Books Open to All."

WEATHER INDICATIONS: FAIR, COLDER.
The SUNDAY SALES OF THE WORLD
YESTERDAY, No. 339,210
Evening Edition, for the Same
tion, Were 261,821 Copies.
A Net Gain in Twelve Months of 77,389 Copies.
PRICE ONE CENT.

NEW YORK, MONDAY, NOVEMBER 19, 1894.

THE CLOAKMAKERS AT HOME.



READING THE LATEST NEWS OF THE STRIKE.

A FAIR STRIKER.

"EVICTED."

(Sketches from Life by an "Evening World" Artist.)

A DETECTED "SPY."

ONE OF THE LEADERS.

LAST EDITION.

DIVER, P. J., BACK TO WORK.

He Sits One Hour and Forty-five Minutes in Morrisania Court To-Day.

DECLARES HE WON'T RESIGN.

The Magisterial Noose Is a Little Disfigured but Still in the Ring.

WON'T TALK ABOUT TEKULSKY.

Looks Nervous, Careworn and Quite Gray on His First Public Appearance for Weeks.

Patrick Diver, P. J., is back again. He worked in the Morrisania Police Court this morning from 8.30 until 10.15 o'clock, and disposed of nine cases. The Morrisania Court, as a rule, opens early, and it was not very long after it opened this morning that Policeman Shroth, who was on duty at the door, saw a strongly built, well-dressed man coming up the steps. There was something familiar about his figure; there was something in the defiant swing of the shoulders that recalled the past. He looked like Diver, but there was a change.

This man was sun-browned, like a farmer or a sailor, and his mustache, which had been wont to stand up at each end with a self-assertive curl, drooped mournfully, as if its ambition and glory had departed. There was no character in it now; it was humbled, and trailed like a weeping willow. The hair was gray, surprisingly so, and every one who ever knew Diver, knew his hair was not gray. So the officer was about to turn away when the man walked past him and said: "Good morning, officer."

Policeman Shroth straightened up like a soldier on dress parade. Mechanically his right hand rose and fell in a salute, and he responded: "Good morning, Your Honor."

It was Diver. He had returned. He walked quickly down the aisle to the back room, greeted Sgt. Farley, went into the little room, remained a moment and then came out and took his seat upon the bench.

The Justice was nervous and looked up like a hunted man at every new entrance into the court-room.

Knocking about the country for three months eluding men had given him a good color, but the sun and wind had not effaced a scar upon his nose—a thin, irregular, but sharply defined line, which hung just above the bridge and went diagonally across the organ downward.

It was a memento, not a mark received in honorable battle, but the souvenir of a bar-room brawl; a reminder of a man with a heavy fist and a strong arm.

It was the trademark of Morris Tekulsky, and the man who carried it must have had bitter thoughts as he sat in court this morning and stroked the spot with two fingers of his right hand.

His hair had turned gray at the ends. Perhaps the weather did that, too, or perhaps it was caused by worry and sleeplessness. When Diver went away his hair was a dark brown, and there were not many marks of care upon his face. But there had been an alchemist at work who has accomplished in a short time what it usually takes years to do—for men whose consciences are easy.

The radiating lines extending outward from the eyes, too, were full of care and anxiety. The two deep lines which extended from the nostrils downward and met themselves in the solemn droop of the mustache almost told in so many words just how Diver had lived since

TENANTS GIVEN TIME.

150 Dispossession Cases in Justice Roesech's Court.

With the Consent of Landlords He Acts with Leniency.

Garment Workers Expected to Vote \$10,000 to the Cloakmakers.

Civil Justice Roesech, of the Fourth District Court, had before him this morning about 150 dispossession cases, many of them being the families of the striking cloakmakers. The court-room was crowded with men and women and children, all very poorly clad, whose presence was occasioned by summonses on the part of their landlords to dispossess them from their rooms for failing to pay their rent. Justice Roesech, before calling the cases, made a few remarks, in which he said: "In view of the fact that time will be requested by a large number of the tenants, I want to say in regard to one side of the question that as a matter of course, the landlords are entitled to their rent; they must pay taxes, must take care of their property, and are burdened with it, and not alone a matter of law, but as a matter of justice as well, they should get their rent. On the other hand, there is a condition of affairs in the lower part of this district, where, by reason of the so-called cloakmakers' strike, a great many are out of work."

"I have found that in a great majority of instances the landlords are very humane, and are lenient towards honest tenants, but towards tenants who make it a practice to beat landlords, and who rent their rooms for more than a year, the landlords are only right if they insist upon their legal rights. I know that this class of landlords will not object if I, as Justice of the District, exercise leniency towards the tenants. I shall do so in the protection of the interests of the landlords, and as a matter of mercy to the tenants. I shall be careful not to extend leniency in any case where the people do not deserve it. The tenant who came before the Justice, all with the same plea that on account of hard times and the strike, they were unable to pay their rent. Some of them were out of work for fully a year and had a hard time to get on, and others it was on account of sickness that there was no money in the house. One woman, with a baby in her arms, pleaded that her husband was sick for six months and could not work, and another one, a six-months' old baby in her arms, began to cry as she told her story of poverty, her husband having been out of work for more than a year, with no prospect of getting any better. The Justice, with two little children, told the Justice that her husband left her to earn his living, and she found it very difficult to do so. She stated that she would have to move to a new place, and she begged for a few days' delay. She was given until Friday to move."

All the cases, the Justice, with the consent of the landlords, gave the tenants sufficient time to get a little money together. One woman with two little children, told the Justice that her husband left her to earn his living, and she found it very difficult to do so. She stated that she would have to move to a new place, and she begged for a few days' delay. She was given until Friday to move."

FREE DINNERS FOR STRIKERS.

Cloakmakers Sure of One Meal a Day All This Week.

A hungry but determined crowd of men attended a mass-meeting of the striking cloakmakers at Wallhalla Hall in Orchard street at 11 o'clock to-day. A man named Sherry, who was known to many of the men, was the speaker. He said: "We will never give in," said one of the men to an "Evening World" reporter. He evidently reflected the sentiment of a majority of those present, for he cheered his remarks and shouted "Good! Good!"

Barondess, the leader of the strikers, says no overtures looking towards a settlement have been received from the bosses, and he did not appear very hopeful of hearing from them.

Speaking of the meeting of the Garment-Workers' Trade Council of the City, which will be held to-morrow, Barondess said:

"They seem to be an organization that lives on the ruins of our labor organizations. We don't expect any assistance from them. On the contrary, they have sent non-union hands to take the places of our men."

Several hundred of the strikers were again at Sherry's C-morrow morning at 5.30, when the State Federation will be organized and officers will be elected.

The best table d'hôte dinner is served at the St. George Hotel, 5 Bay & 26th St., at 1 P. M.

TO ASSIST FELLOWS.

Members of the LXX. Want the Privilege of Naming a Man.

Or Else Have the District-Attorney Second Their Plea to the Governor.

Sub-Committee at Work on Removal and Other Reform Bills.

Joseph Laroque, Gen. Horace Porter and C. C. Beaman, the Committee of the LXX, which waited on District-Attorney Fellows on Saturday, met in Mr. Laroque's office this morning. It was learned that a proposition was made to Mr. Fellows that he appoint an Assistant District-Attorney of the LXX's naming to conduct the prosecution election cases and of delinquent city officials.

Others stated that an alternate proposition made was that Mr. Fellows join the Committee in requesting Gov. Flower to have the Attorney-General or a deputy conduct the cases.

None of the members of the LXX, however, would say what reply Mr. Fellows had given to them, but it is understood that the matter is still pending.

In the mean time, members of the LXX are busy discussing the statement made by T. C. Platt in which he, by inference, termed the members of the LXX, busybodies, and said their interference in the preparation of legislation would be resented.

SOROSIS AS A HOSTESS.

Delegates of Women's Clubs Welcomed at Sherry's.

The initial steps towards the foundation of the New York Federation of Women's Clubs was taken at Sherry's this afternoon. Some of the delegates from out of town, and most of the women's societies throughout the State were represented.

Mrs. William Tod Helmuth, President of the State Federation, presided at the meeting.

She was followed by Mrs. Jennie E. Crady, Mrs. de la Lanza, Mrs. A. Goodale, of the General Federation of Women's Clubs, and by delegates from some of the prominent clubs.

This evening Dr. and Mrs. William Tod Helmuth will tender a reception to the delegates at Sherry's C-morrow morning at 5.30, when the State Federation will be organized and officers will be elected.

The best table d'hôte dinner is served at the St. George Hotel, 5 Bay & 26th St., at 1 P. M.

ALEXANDER III, BURIED

His Body in the Cathedral of St. Peter and St. Paul.

The Young Czar Places the Imperial Mantle Over His Predecessor.

Impressive Ceremonies in St. Petersburg and Berlin.

(By Associated Press.) ST. PETERSBURG, Nov. 19.—The entombment of the remains of the late Czar Alexander III. took place to-day in the Cathedral of St. Peter and St. Paul. A thick fog enveloped the city, but the populace was as at the earliest possible hour, and at the same time the troops detailed to take part in the funeral ceremonies commenced moving towards the positions assigned to them.

Enormous crowds of people gathered on both sides of the Nevsky long before the ceremonies commenced.

The opening ceremony was announced by three cannon shots from the fortress. The Czar, the imperial family and the royal mourners were received at the door of the Cathedral by the Metropolitan of St. Petersburg and by all the members of the Holy Synod, bearing crosses and holy water.

The imperial party formed in a solemn procession, which marched up the aisle until the Czar and other mourners reached their appointed places.

The funeral service then commenced, and during its progress prayers were handed to all the mourners, and then the High Priest, with a burning torch, lighted the Czar's taper, and afterwards did the same with those held by the members of the imperial family, after which the Priest lighted the tapers of all the other mourners in turn, according to rank, until everybody was kneeling and holding flickering tapers in their right hands, which, with the clouds of incense, accompanied by the chanting of the priests, gave the most weird effect to the whole scene.

At the conclusion of the funeral service the members of the imperial family paid their last respects to the dead Czar, kissing the icon lying on the coffin, which was then finally closed, and the procession to the tomb was formed.

It was headed by the Metropolitan, of St. Petersburg, and the clergy intoning a solemn chant. The clergy were followed by coffin, which was borne by the Czar, the Grand Duke, foreign princes and the most distinguished members of the court.

A number of the highest civil officers of the Government also assisted in conveying the remains of the Czar to the tomb where the burial service was read and the coffin was slowly lowered into the vault.

This was the most striking portion of the ceremony, which had been viewed from the lofty balcony of the cathedral and the salivous fired by platoons of infantry from the adjoining fortress reverberated through the church, and the lowering of the mourning flag and the hoisting of the ordinary Imperial standard on the fortress tower proclaimed to the outside world that the last act in the mournful drama had been concluded.

The Czar bore the ordeal with fortitude, but many among the group of imperial and royal personages clustered around the open grave were visibly affected.

GAIN OF 30 MILLIONS.

Bonds Expected to Swell Gold Reserve by that Sum.

Call for Blanks Indicates an Over-Subscription.

Out-of-Town Customers Ask Banks for Yellow Metal.

The applications at the Sub-Treasury for blank proposals for the new Government bonds are so large that the Treasury officials think the subscriptions will be much larger than any one expects.

Nearly three times as many blanks as were called for in connection with the February loan have already been handed out, and demands for more were received this morning. Considerable speculation is being indulged in as to what the Secretary of the Treasury will do in the event of the total subscription reaching close to a hundred millions.

Some think that he will make the bond issue \$100,000,000 in place of \$50,000,000, as it is impossible to secure all new gold for the Government, and the general estimate of the net gain to the Treasury of new gold by the bond issue is about \$20,000,000, leaving \$30,000,000 of gold to be obtained from the Treasury if the bonds are taken on a 3 per cent. basis.

This morning a number of the big downtown banks received applications from out-of-town customers for supplies of gold, and the bankers feel that they are in duty bound to accommodate these customers. They think that the country bankers are drawing gold to buy bonds with.

It is expected that to-morrow or Wednesday a meeting will be held by the Government and the banks and trust company Presidents will be held to talk over the bond situation and make up an estimate of how many bonds they will take and what price to offer for them.

Some very close figuring is being done, with regard to the interest yield of bonds at a premium, in connection with the Government 3 per cent. loan, for which bids will be received up to next Monday.

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ASTOR IN A POLICE COURT.

John Jacob Wants Garvin Punished More Severely.

He Says His Mother Has Been Nervous Since the Tramp's Call.

John Jacob Astor called at Jefferson Market Court this morning, accompanied by Orme Wilson, his brother-in-law.

Justice Hogan asked the young millionaire to step behind the desk, and suspended business while he talked to him.

Mr. Astor asked about the fining of the man John Garvin, the tramp, who walked into Mr. Astor's house Saturday night and went to sleep in a room upstairs. Garvin was taken to Jefferson Market Court yesterday and fined \$5 by Justice Voorhis. He did not have the money, and is now serving a five days' sentence in the prison in lieu of paying the fine.

"I did not know of what had happened until I read it in the papers," said the millionaire. "And then I found that the whole thing had been settled and the ridiculously light punishment had been administered. I find that my mother is very nervous over the matter, and I feel as if some more severe should be done to this man."

Justice Hogan said the case had been passed upon, but that it was possible to rearrest the man.

At Justice Hogan's request Mr. Astor went to Garvin's cell and talked to the man.

Garvin said a man told him he could sleep in the house, so he went in and the rear gate, found a door open and, as he expressed it, he "made himself at home."

Mr. Astor then went back to the court-room and told Justice Hogan he would like to appear against the "fellow," and asked if he could not be rearrested.

The Justice said he would take the matter under consideration.

Before leaving, Mr. Astor said that he thought the man ought really to be punished more severely than he had been. He said he felt like returning and repeating the offense if he was not imprisoned for a long time. There would be others, too.

Sugar Trust Case Not Decided.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 19.—There was no decision today by the Supreme Court in the Sugar Trust case. The court adjourned to Dec. 6.

WILL NOT BUY ALIX.

Mr. Havemeyer Denies that He Offered \$30,000 for the Mare.

The Rumor Regarded as a Managerial Advertising Dodge.

Mr. Salsbury Said to Be at Two Places, but is at Neither.

Mr. H. O. Havemeyer, the Sugar Trust magnate, when seen at his office, corner of Wall and Front streets, relative to the report that he had offered \$30,000 for Alix, the great trotter, said emphatically: "There's not a word of truth in it."

Mr. Havemeyer's manner indicated that he was provoked that such a story had received currency.

When he was further interrogated about the matter he declared his own driver would handle Harrietta, and that Mr. Salsbury would not campaign, the next little daughter of Alcyone in California either.

When Mr. Havemeyer's statement became known the impression was general that the story had been circulated as an advertisement for to-morrow's trotting exhibitions at Fleetwood. Mr. Salsbury could not be found at the Murray Hill Hotel nor at the sale of horses which the next little daughter of Alcyone in California either.

CON RIORDAN WAS DEAD.

Dr. Totman Denies that the Autopsy Was Irregular.

(By Associated Press.) SYRACUSE, N. Y., Nov. 19.—When shown the Indianapolis dispatch this morning, stating Dr. Tanner's opinion of the autopsy on Riordan, Police Surgeon Totman, who conducted the operation, said:

"The New York laws do not correspond with those of Indiana. Rigor mortis was well marked when the autopsy was begun."

Premier Brande's Visit.

Produced from best foreign varieties of grapes. Superior in double-grained imported. All dealers. Pacific Coast Wine Co., 225 E. 2nd St. & 10th St. Ave.

LAST EDITION.

SENATORS TO INQUIRE.

Lexow Committee to Investigate That \$1,000,000 Appropriation.

LABOR MEN MUCH PLEASED.

Delegate Tomblason Commends "The Evening World's" Enterprise to the C. L. U.

"STROLLERS IN THE PARK."

Many of Them Secured Work Tickets Which Commissioners Divided Up Between Them.

The President of the Park Board has announced that he will not be interviewed any more on the subject of the expenditure of the million-dollar appropriation. He has said, however, a great many things, some few of which cannot be forgotten. It is less than three months since Mr. Clausen said, when spoken to on the subject: "Between \$600,000 and \$700,000 of the appropriation has been and the balance will be used long before the campaign begins."

That was when the Park Board refused to give an accounting of the money expended to the representatives of organized labor who called upon him. Mr. Clausen has pointed with pride to the items of labor which have been taken from the Comptroller's books—but it doesn't seem to have been the right kind of labor which was employed. The work doesn't show. Over \$600,000 has been expended, and Central Park scarcely shows it. The complaint about the employment of men has never died down since that day the Commissioners divided the work tickets up between them.

The tickets were not always used properly and the result was that a great many of them fell into hands that had known no labor for years, whose owners were not averse to "strolling in the park" at so much per day.

It was only three weeks ago that the members of the Central Labor Union, who had followed the appropriation with watchful eyes from its beginning, instructed its committee to consult with Mr. John W. Goff at as early a date as possible, and have brought before the Lexow Committee facts as to the spending of this money.

"The Evening World" was complimented by Delegate George Tomblason, of the Gliders' Union, at yesterday's meeting of the Central Labor Union, for its enterprise and pluck in exposing the shameful manner in which the Park Commissioners have wasted the \$1,000,000 appropriation.

Mr. Tomblason also said that he had been assured by Lawyer Jerome that the matter would surely be submitted to the Lexow Committee.

The table published to-day shows expenditure of painting, mowing, fences, bridges, etc. "The etc." is supposed to include anything that could be painted.

There was purchased for this work \$3,000.40 worth of paint and \$130.06 worth of brushes with which to apply it, while the labor necessary amounted to \$15,800.4 from March 16 to August 15.

There doesn't seem to have been much painting done in the parks, not \$20,000, certainly, but the "etc." will probably cover any balance that may be found wanting, as it does in a great many of the other items.

Following is the sixth installment of